SOUTH CAROLINA



JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

Annual Judicial Conference August 21, 2014

by

Chief Justice Jean Hoefer Toal



In Memoriam

Circuit Court Judges

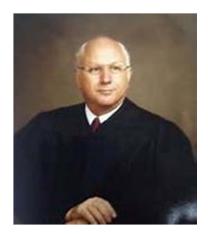
Walter Bristow, Jr. (1924 – 2013)



Luke N. Brown, Jr. (1919 – 2013)



Marion Hardy Kinon (1929 - 2013)





In Memoriam

The Honorable Karen J. Williams

1951 – 2013





United States Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit



Welcome

	Court of Appeals	
Seat 7	The Honorable Stephanie Pendarvis McDonald	Charleston, SC
	Circuit Court	
10 th Judicial Circuit, Seat 2	The Honorable R. Scott Sprouse	Seneca, SC
1th Judicial Circuit, Seat 2	The Honorable Daniel Dewitt Hall	York, SC
	Family Court	
6 th Judicial Circuit, Seat 1	The Honorable Coreen B. Khoury	Lancaster, SC
11 th Judicial Circuit, Seat 1	The Honorable W. Gregory Seigler	McCormick, SC
13th Judicial Circuit, Seat 5	The Honorable Tarita A. Dunbar	Greenville, SC
15 th Judicial Circuit, Seat 2	The Honorable Melissa Johnson Emery	Myrtle Beach, SC
16 th Judicial Circuit, Seat 1	The Honorable Thomas H. White, IV	Union, SC



Progress on Case Disposition

New Judges

Increased Use of Technology

Increased Collaboration of Judges, Clerks of Court, and Attorneys

Big Improvement in Case Disposition



Family Court Benchmarks

6

*Goal: 80% of Pending Docket 365 Days or Less As of August 14, 2014	Circuit	Pending Docket 365 Days or Less
	16 th – Union, York	93%
	13 th – Greenville, Pickens	91%
	14 th – Allendale, Beaufort, Colleton, Hampton, Jasper	91%
	15 th – Georgetown, Horry	90%
	9 th – Berkeley, Charleston	86%
	7 th – Cherokee, Spartanburg	85%
	2nd – Aiken, Bamberg, Barnwell	83%
	11 th – Edgefield, Lexington, McCormick, Saluda	82%
	8 th – Abbeville, Greenwood, Laurens, Newberry	81%
	12 th – Florence, Marion	81%
	1 st – Calhoun, Dorchester, Orangeburg	81%
	5 th – Kershaw, Richland	80%
	6 th Checter, Fairfield, Lancaster	80%
	10 th - Anderson, Oconee	80%
	3 rd – Clarendon, Lee, Sumter, Williamsburg	79%
www.sccourts.org	4 Chesterfield, Darlington, Dillon, Marlboro	77%



Common Pleas Benchmarks

	Circuit	Pending Docket 365 Days or Less
*Goal: 80% of Pending Docket 365 Days or Less As of August 14, 2014	2 nd – Aiken, Bamberg, Barnwell	71%
	10 th – Anderson, Oconee	70%
	13 ^{III} – Greenville, Pickens	70%
	16 th – Union, York	69%
	4 th – Chesterfield, Darlington, Dillon, Marlboro	67%
	11 th – Edgefield, Lexington, McCormick, Saluda	65%
	1 st – Calhoun, Dorchester, Orangeburg	64%
	8 th – Abbeville, Greenwood, Laurens, Newberry	64%
	12 th – Florence, Marion	64%
	15 th – Georgetown, Horry	63%
	9 th – Berkeley, Charleston	60%
	7 th - Cherokee, Spartanburg	59%
	3rd – Clarendon, Lee, Sumter, Williamsburg	58%
	14th – Allendale, Beaufort, Colleton, Hampton, Jasper	50%
	5 th – Kershaw, Richland	48%
www.sccourts.org	6 ^m - Fairfield, Lancaster	47%



Circuit Court Judges' Caseload

>Average Caseload Per Circuit Court Judge (FY 2013- 2014)

≻Filings:	4,073
>Dispositions:	4,190

Circuit Court Judges' duties go beyond presiding over cases:

Motion Hearings

Drafting and reviewing orders

Pre-trial Status Conferences

Bond Hearings

- Repeat Offenders
- Trial Delays
- Lack of Information



Business Court Expansion

- Three Business Court Regions created with two judges assigned to each region and two at-large judges
- The Business Court Judges will have exclusive jurisdiction over any business court case filed within his or her region
- > Presiding Judges:
 - Region 1 R. Lawton McIntosh

Edward W. Miller

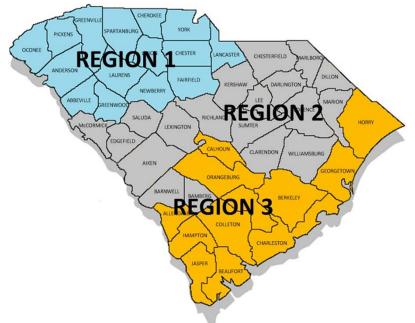
Region 2 - George C. James, Jr. (Buck)

Clifton Newman

- Region 3 Maité Murphy
 - Roger M. Young, Sr.
- ***** At-Large J. Derham Cole

Alison R. Lee







General Sessions Benchmarks

	Circuit	Pending Docket 365 Days or Less
*Goal: 80% of Pending Docket 365 Days or Less As of August 14, 2014	16 th – Union, York	89%
	10 th – Anderson, Oconee	81%
	7 th – Cherokee, Spartanburg	80%
	15 th – Georgetown, Horry	78%
	2 nd – Aiken, Bamberg, Barnwell	77%
	12 th – Florence, Marion	76%
	13 th – Greenville, Pickens	75%
	11 th – Edgefield, Lexington, McCormick, Saluda	75%
	14 th – Allendale, Beaufort, Colleton, Hampton, Jasper	73%
	1 st – Calhoun, Dorchester, Orangeburg	72%
	9 th – Berkeley, Charleston	68%
	5 th – Kershaw, Richland	61%
	4 th – Chesterfield, Darlington, Dillon, Marlboro	58%
	8 th – Abbeville, Greenwood, Laurens, Newberry	52%
	3 rd – Clarendon, Lee, Sumter, Williamsburg	48%
ww.sccourts.org	Obester, Fairfield, Lancaster	34%



General Sessions Docket

- Drain the Swamp: On January 7, 2014, the Court issued an Administrative Order requiring Solicitors to reconcile their pending cases with Clerks of Courts and Public Defenders
- Clerks of Court will provide the Chief Judge for Administrative Purposes a list of all cases pending over 545 days from the date of filing
- Clerks will conduct monthly self-audits to ensure the records provided to SCJD are accurate. Solicitors and Clerks shall also reconcile pending cases on a quarterly basis
- Cases pending for more than 545 days shall be promptly set for disposition by the Chief Judge for Administrative Purposes, who will consult with the Solicitor regarding the best method to achieve prompt resolution and may request special terms of court





General Sessions Docket

- The Committee led by Justice Donald Beatty is charged with making recommendations to the Court regarding the adoption of an order for the orderly administration of the General Sessions docket
- The Committee will use the recommendations of the Docket Management Task Force as the basis of their discussion
- Since the Langford decision, the Court has approved case management orders established in Greenville County, Lancaster County, Horry County, and Spartanburg County
- Court staff is currently preparing a proposed Differentiated Case Management Order for Committee review







Draining of the Appellate Swamp

- > Appellate Court Backlog
 - Backlog of certiorari and PCR petitions in the SC Supreme Court
 - ***** To address the backlog:

- System developed with Supreme Court law clerks and staff attorneys to move cases more efficiently through the Court
- Oral argument on fewer cases
- Digital court reporting to decrease time to obtain a transcript
- Decrease the number and length of extensions granted
- Goal is to address the backlog by December 2014





Court Reporter Incentive Project

Trial Court Digital Recording Pilot Program

May 13-14, 2013 in Dorchester County Circuit Court before the Honorable Edgar Dickson

July 29, 2013 in Dorchester County Family Court before the Honorable Ann Jones

August 7, 9, 2013 in Dorchester County Family Court before the Honorable Jerry Vinson



Digital Recording Process

Funds appropriated for 15-30 Digital Recorders in courtrooms throughout the state – placement TBD

Stakeholder Work Group to be established for planning and implementation









Appellate Court Case Management System

Appellate CMS Milestones:

- Oral argument video recordings are encoded, uploaded to our media server, and linked to appellate cases within 24 hours
- Video case exhibits are encoded and uploaded directly to the appellate cases so justices and judges can view them at their convenience
- Public access to appellate cases is now available for certain case types:
 - Appeals from the Court of Common Pleas (excluding PCR cases)
 - Appeals from the Court of General Sessions
 - Appeals from Administrative Tribunals
 - Certiorari proceedings relating to the decisions of the Board of State Canvassers
 - Certiorari proceedings to review decisions of the South Carolina Court of Appeals (excluding Family Court cases)
- The Supreme Court, in partnership with SCETV, will begin live streaming of oral arguments in September 2014







SECURITY BULLETIN

SOUTH CAROLINA JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

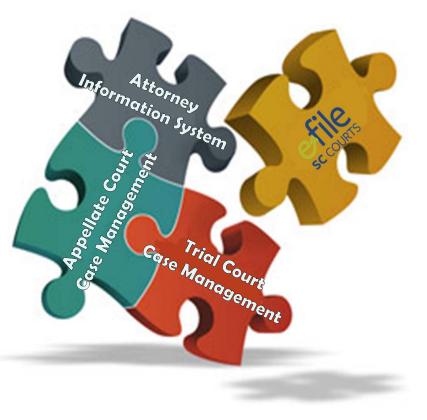
Office of Information Technology 1015 Sumter Street, Suite 108 Columbia, South Carolina 29201

- SCJD continues to have Security Awareness Training for all employees and contract employees with a 100% participation
- Hired a Security Architect, Joel B. Hilke, Certified Information Systems Security Professional (CISSP), to lead the security policy development and data and network security efforts
- > SCJD has strengthened the SC Courts' security policy:
 - 1. Stronger passwords
 - 2. 90 day expiration of passwords
 - 3. Computers automatically lock after 30 minutes
 - 4. 24/7 data security monitoring of Internet traffic
- Security Improvements for 2015:
 - 1. Encryption of USB thumb drives for all employees
 - 2. Encryption of outbound SCJD emails containing sensitive data



E-Filing Update

- Rules of Civil Procedure and court policies are being revised
- Clerks of Court business processes are being updated
- All four court applications are being integrated with each other for E-Filing
- Greenville and Clarendon will be the first pilot counties followed by Charleston
- The pilot will begin in 2015 in Common Pleas





- Child Support Enforcement System (CSES) continues to be developed by DSS as a state project while still in litigation
- Family Court Case Management System continues to be part of the DSS CSES project





- > These regional meetings will target local bars and SC Bar leaders
- Goals:

- Identify and address barriers to pro bono service
- Identify local pro bono providers and opportunities
- Offer local/regional pro bono support
- Each summit will host approximately 75-85 attorneys

Access to Justice Pro Bono Summits











Open Courts

- The South Carolina Constitution provides that "All courts shall be public." Article 1, § 9.
- An open hearing must be held before a court proceeding can be closed.
- The public right of access to court proceedings is "subject to a balancing of interests with the parties involved." <u>Ex parte</u> <u>Columbia Newspapers, Inc.,</u> 286 S.C. 116, 118, 333 S.E.2d 337, 338 (1985).
- A Judge's decision to close a proceeding must be supported by specific finding explaining the balancing of the interests at stake and the need for closure. <u>Ex parte Hearst-Argyle</u> <u>Television, Inc.,</u> 369 S.C. 69, 631 S.E.2d 86 (2006).







Open Courts

The following are not valid reasons to close a court proceeding:

- Personal embarrassment
- Prosecution does not want a witness to testify in open court
- Inability of a judge to hear
- There should be no local rule or custom regarding open courts.





Freedom of Information Act (FOIA)

- FOIA addresses public access to records and information relating to the administration or operation of a government agency. S.C. Code Ann. §§ 30-4-10 to -165.
- > A judge should not answer a FOIA request directly.
- If you receive a FOIA request, consult with the Chief Justice or the Office of Court Administration.





Sealing Records

- Cannot seal court records just due to privacy concerns.
- Governed by Rule 41.1(b), SCRCP.
 - Party seeking to file documents under seal shall file and serve a Motion to Seal.
 - The Motion to Seal must address the following:
 - The need to ensure a fair trial;
 - The need for witness cooperation;
 - The reliance of the parties upon expectations of confidentiality;
 - The public or professional significance of the lawsuit;
 - The perceived harm to the parties from disclosure;
 - Why alternatives other than sealing the documents are not available; and
 - Why the public interest, including, but not limited to, the public health and safety, is best served by sealing the documents.





Revision of Judicial Department Salary Structure

- Salary study is being conducted by Finance and Personnel of job classifications and salary bands
- Currently revising Judicial Department salaries beginning with Administrative Staff who received a raise in their July 16 paycheck
- Administrative Law Clerks Other SCJD Judges Staff

Big point of emphasis in my final budget request to the Legislature will be a salary increase for all judges





For the Good of the Order

- Local rules must be pre-approved
- Law clerks cannot be hired unless cleared by the Committee on Character and Fitness and by the Supreme Court

